

Sustainable Tourism

TRAVELER ETHICAL CHART

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Introduction

Two worlds meet every time one person moves from one country to another.

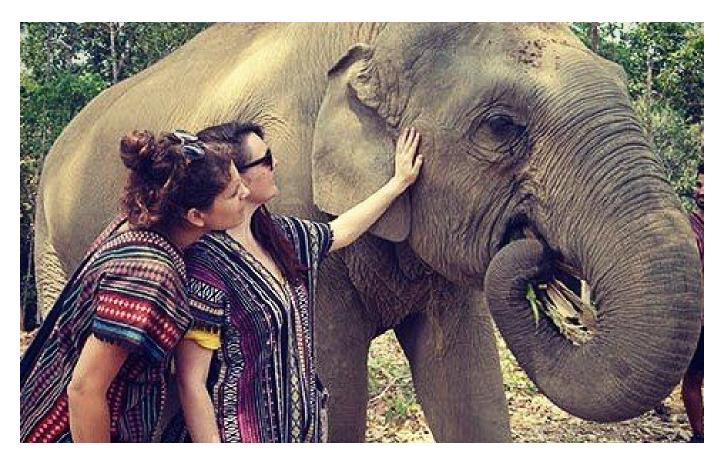
Travellers, tourist, adventurers, we are all this from time to time, but without any doubt, we are always invited.

The countries that we visit with so much pleasure are our host. The happiness of each travel relies on this relation sometimes very delicate.

They are many way of travelling, apprehending others environment but inevitably we leave traces on our way.

Warm, generous, discret, dangerous and sometimes inalterable.

We wish to gather in a Traveler Ethical Chart that we think will be the more representative comportment to adopt.



Learn to discover other cultures without judging.

The respect is the key to better meetings. Simple attitude - Day by Day

- Each country lives according to its own pace. In some cases, hurry & impatience are not the best way to attract sympathy.
- Tight and sexy clothe are, in some countries susceptible to shock the population.

- Ask authorization before filming or taking photos (ask a parent to take his child photo etc...
- Only promises to send photos if you will
- Respect advice vaccination to avoid the introduction to outside disease.
- Sexual tourism is an attempt to human dignity & condemned by law. A lot of travel experiences reflect the fantastic sexual free habits of its habitant without even realizing that it is only motivated by the misery of the country.



GOODS, MONEY, FOOD don't have the same value everywhere.

The difference of living standards between the traveller and the host country, when it exists, can be the result of incomprehension and drift.

• Donations and gift are not innocent gesture. They can sometimes be out of order. Gift, donation, tips too generous can sometimes destabilized the local economic balance.

- •Some donation like medication can be dangerous when they are randomly distributed. Hospitals, when they exist are more appropriate to manage those.
- Use local hostel /
 homestay or small structure
 instead of state or foreign
 hotel chain, local transport,
 local community
 remunerated services
 (guides, cookers, cleaners)
 is often the best way to
 make them beneficiate
 from tourism money.
- Bargaining is a part of certain cultural traditions, to refuse can also be misinterpreted and can contribute to the augmentation of the living cost.



Only Our Footprints of our footsteps.

Natural space and cultural sites are often the richest touristic attractions of a country. These are the first motivations of a traveler; this is why traveler have a huge responsibility towards the host country environment.

• Traveler must not leave any waste behind them at any time and of any kinds. Avoid in your luggage anything that you will have to leave behind you. Use organic degradable packaging.

- It is sometimes preferable to bring waste back home with you that are nondestructible (plastic bags, batteries etc....) if the country has no adaptable structure to manage such kind.
- Some waste can be burned if authorized in the county culture.
- Certain ecosystem impose respect and particular precaution; don't go off beaten track with motor locomotion and avoid the uses of those.

- Animal observation should not modify their natural behavior and disturb their daily life. It is preferable to keep a distance that animal consider sure.
- The local team that guides you in observing animals may sometimes do anything to make you happy for money or not and sometimes will consider breaking those rules like proximity..

It is more interesting to watch a safe feeling animal than a stress animal because we are being too close.

- Feeding animals will modify their natural diet and can be dangerous. Monkeys become aggressive and robbers for example.
- Don't touch the animals for your own and their own health
- Avoid fishing in lakes or seas where certain species are rare or endangered.



Cultural heritage inscribed the history of the future generation.

The cultural heritage of each country is unique and irreplaceable. It requires particular attention, preventive actions against deterioration and destruction.

The challenge is not only to pressure today's heritage but also to save it for our future generation.

While enjoying the heritage, avoid to:

- Degrading the art works, sites or monuments.
- Buy objects or remains of special sites.
- •To bring souvenirs that are part of the natural heritage-including submarine.
- To move stones and objects.
- To climb sites.
- To leave waste behind you.

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